



The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act: New Mexico

The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act is the largest long-term investment in our infrastructure and competitiveness in nearly a century. **The need for action in New Mexico is clear and recently released state-level data demonstrates that the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act will deliver for New Mexico.** For decades, infrastructure in New Mexico has suffered from a systemic lack of investment. **While the nation's infrastructure earned a C- in the 2021 Infrastructure Report Card, New Mexico faces infrastructure challenges of its own.** The historic Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act will make life better for millions of New Mexico residents, create a generation of good-paying union jobs and economic growth, and position the United States to win the 21st century.

To date, \$2.2 billion in Bipartisan Infrastructure Law funding has been announced and is headed to New Mexico with over 174 specific projects identified for funding. Since the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law passed, New Mexico will receive approximately \$1.6 billion for transportation to invest in roads, bridges, public transit, ports and airports and roughly \$75 million for clean water. And, as of today, more than 175,000 households across the state are receiving affordable high-speed internet due to the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law. Many more projects will be added in the coming months, as funding opportunities become grant awards and as formula funds become specific projects. By reaching communities across New Mexico – including rural communities and historically underserved populations – the law makes critical investments that will improve lives for New Mexicans and position the state for success.

Specifically, the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act will make the following investments:

- **Roads and Bridges.** In New Mexico there are 207 bridges and over 3,822 miles of highway in poor condition. Over 5% of New Mexico's bridges are in poor condition and considered structurally deficient. Since 2011, commute times have increased by 7.7% in New Mexico and on average, each driver pays \$767 per year in costs due to driving on roads in need of repair. **New Mexico's DOT estimates a \$15.8 billion funding gap in its Bridge and Highway budgets by 2045.**
 - **Based on formula funding alone, New Mexico would expect to receive \$2.5 billion for federal-aid highway apportioned programs and \$225 million for bridge replacement and repairs under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act over five (5) years.**
 - New Mexico can also compete for the \$12.5 billion Bridge Investment Program for economically significant bridges and nearly \$16 billion of national funding in the bill dedicated for major projects that will deliver substantial economic benefits to communities.
- **Rail and Transit.** New Mexico's public transit systems serve a vital role in connecting the state's residents to jobs, health care, and other critical services. Residents of New Mexico who take public transportation spend an extra 94.3% of their time commuting. 20% of trains and other transit vehicles in the state are past useful life.
 - **Based on formula funding alone, New Mexico would expect to receive \$366 million over five years under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act to improve public transportation options across the state.**
- **Electric Vehicle Infrastructure.** The IJJA invests \$7.5 billion to build out the first-ever national network of EV chargers in the United States.
 - **Under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, New Mexico would**

expect to receive \$38 million over five years to support the expansion of an EV charging network in the state.

- New Mexico will also have the opportunity to apply for the \$2.5 billion in grant funding dedicated to EV charging in the bill.

- **Broadband.** Broadband internet is necessary for Americans to do their jobs, to participate equally in school learning, health care, and to stay connected. 10.7% of New Mexicans live in areas where, under the FCC's benchmark, there is no broadband infrastructure. Even where infrastructure is available, broadband may be too expensive to be within reach. 21% of New Mexico households do not have an internet subscription.

- Under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, New Mexico will receive a minimum allocation of \$100 million to help provide broadband coverage across the state, including providing access to the at least 223,941 residents who currently lack it. And, under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, 785,000 or 38.1% of people in New Mexico will be eligible for the Affordability Connectivity Benefit, which will help low-income families afford internet access.

Clean Water/Wastewater. The law contains nearly \$44 billion to strengthen the nation's drinking water and wastewater systems, remove lead pipes and service lines, and eliminate harmful contaminants through the EPA's State Revolving Funds programs. These programs, administered by the states, make grants and loans eligible to communities for drinking water and wastewater infrastructure investments. **New Mexico reports a \$1.4 billion drinking water investment gap.**

- Under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, based on the traditional state revolving fund formula, New Mexico will expect to receive \$355 million over five (5) years to improve water infrastructure across the state and ensure that clean, safe drinking water is a right in all communities.

- **Airports.** New Mexico is home to 10 major airports that will benefit from the \$25 billion in increased airport infrastructure funding provided over five (5) years from the IIJA.
 - **Under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, airports in New Mexico would receive approximately \$90 million for infrastructure development for airports over five (5) years.**
- **Grid and Clean Energy Infrastructure.** The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), through the Office of the Under Secretary for Infrastructure, is focused on working across the public and private sectors to help the U.S. transition to the clean energy economy. **With more than \$75 billion in investments through the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, New Mexico will benefit from multiple opportunities focused on the rapid commercialization, demonstration, and deployment of clean energy technologies.** DOE is playing a critical role in efforts to rapidly lower energy costs, slash carbon emissions, and create new industries with the high-quality union jobs that are guaranteed to boost domestic manufacturing capabilities while strengthening U.S. global competitiveness.

This information was compiled by a variety of sources including, The White House, ASCE Infrastructure Report Card, Bureau of Transportation Statistics U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Bridge Technology, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, EPA CWSRF National Information Management System, EPA Drinking Water Needs Survey, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.